



# Search for new symbiotic stars using the *Gaia* DR3 data

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#### Motivation

- Can we use *Gaia* DR3 data to identify promising symbiotic candidates?
- Is *Gaia* Hα measurement useful in the search for new SySts?
- Can we define **reliable selection criteria** to find sources with **Hα emission** and **late-type star** continuum?
- Opportunity: **Spectral confirmation** of samples can be carried out using **2SPOT facilities** in both hemispheres.

#### Aims

**Step 1**: Validation of the Syst candidates from the Gaia DR3

**Step 2**: Selection criteria tuning using samples from GALEX, Henize, and Wray catalogs

**Step 3**: Selection and observation of promising candidates from the *Gaia* LPV catalog

**Step 4**: (in the future) Search for candidates not included in the LPV catalog (Hα emission measurements published for 235 millions sources)

### 2SPOT equipment used for spectral confirmation

Chile-based Setup

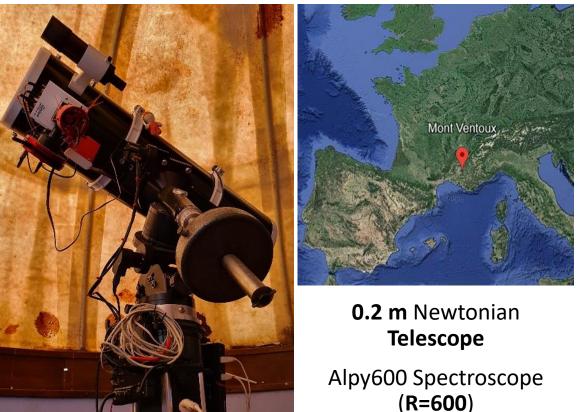
Hosted at Deep Sky Chile





Alpy600 Spectroscope (**R=600**) France-based Setup

Hosted at L. Bernasconi Obs.

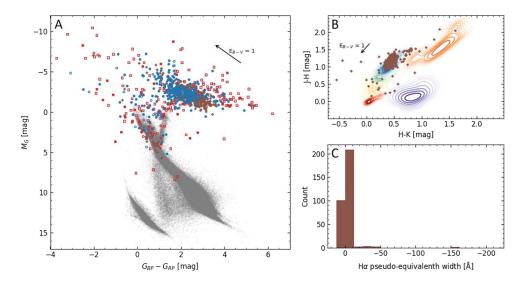


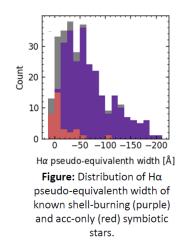
**250 hours of observation** since the beginning of the project

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### Step 1: Gaia DR3 SySt candidates

- Gaia DR3 lists 340 new SySt candidates
- sources located among giants in the Gaia HR diagram and among SySts in IR colorcolor diagram
- distribution of Hα pseudo-equivalent width is different from the known symbiotic stars





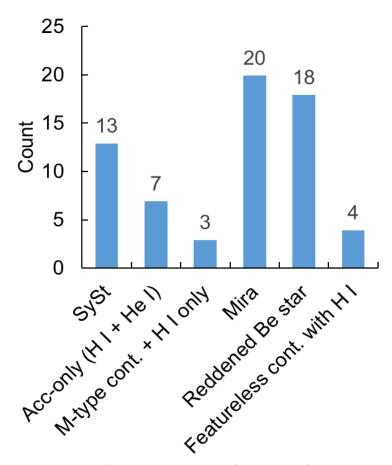
**Figure:** Gaia DR3 symbiotic candidates. **A:** Gaia HR diagram. Confirmed symbiotic stars, literature candidates and new Gaia DR3 candidates are shown in blue, red, and brown, respectively. **B:** NIR color-color diagram. **C:** Distribution of pseudo-EW of H $\alpha$  line in the Gaia candidates.

#### Step 1: Gaia DR3 SySt candidates

- only **8 sources** with strong Gaia H $\alpha$  emission: we confirmed that most of them are new SySts
- many of the remaining stars are probably single pulsating giants (several observed within our 'control sample')
- very **low success rate** due to datasets used for the classification (light curves, colors, astrometry, but no Hα pseudo-equivalent width)

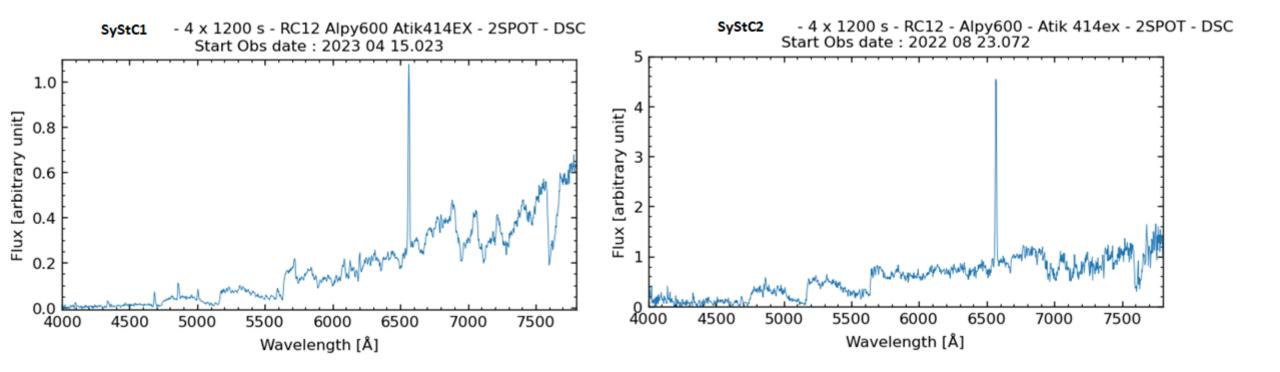
## Step 2: Selection criteria tuning using the samples from GALEX, Henize, and Wray catalogs

- Selection criteria:
  - Crossmatch with LPV catalog
  - Hα emission in Gaia DR3 (**pEwHα < -10 Å**)
  - 2MASS IR cuts
  - Objects with unknown nature in literature
  - 65 objects found in Galex, Henize, Wray catalogs
- Results:
  - >70 % of our candidates show Hα in emission,
  - 35% of our candidates show M-Type continuum + Hα in emission
- Contaminants:
  - Reddened **Be stars** (Hα detected) no filter in this step,
  - Pulsating red giants: Miras, SRs pulsating with large amplitude (Hα undetected)
- Lessons learned:
  - Most of the **pulsating stars** can be **filtered out** when the **uncertainty of the Ha** pseudo-equivalent width is considered



**Figure:** Preliminary results on the nature of our candidates from Galex, Henize and Wray catalogs

### Step 2: Selection criteria tuning using the samples from GALEX, Henize, and Wray catalogs

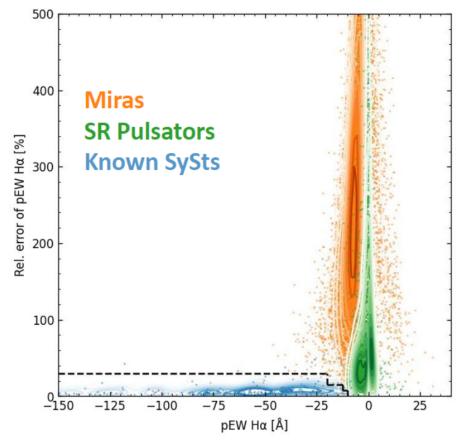


#### Discovery of **2 new carbon SySts** (only 10 were known in the Milky Way)

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### Step 3: Selection and observation of promising candidates from the Gaia LPV catalog

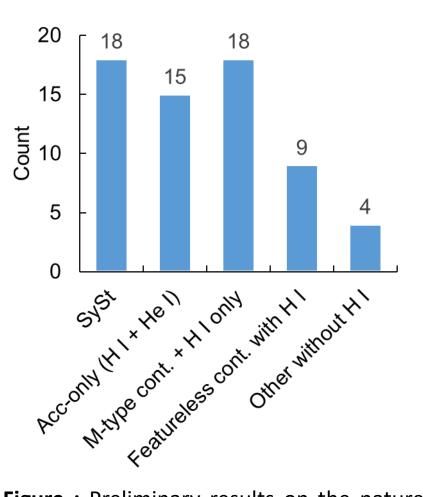
- Major selection criteria:
  - Tuned pEwHα and its relative error
  - 2MASS IR cuts
  - Objects with unknown nature in literature
  - Gmag cut (< 15)
  - Golden Sample: 64 very promising candidates (all observed)
  - Hundreds of less promising candidates (observation in progress)



**Figure :** Position of Miras (orange), SRs(green), and known galactic symbiotic stars (blue) in the rel. error of pEWH $\alpha$  vs. pEWH $\alpha$  plane. The black dashed lines denote the limits applied to LPV catalog in Step 3 of the search.

## Step 3: Selection and observation of promising candidates from the Gaia LPV catalog

- High success rate on the Golden sample:
  - 94 % of our candidates show Hα in emission
  - 80 % of our candidates show M-type continuum and H $\alpha$  in emission
  - Only 6 % of our candidates do not show any H $\alpha$  in emission
- Work in progress:
  - Observation of less promising candidates (new SySts already found but with more contaminants)
  - **pEWHα / Rel. Err. tuning** in the region where pulsating red giants and SySts coexist
  - Paper about to be submitted for steps 1, 2 and first part of step 3



**Figure :** Preliminary results on the nature of our Golden Gaia LPV candidates

### Thanks for your attention !

### Any questions ?